The University of New South Wales School of Mathematics and Statistics

Mathematics Drop-in Centre

POLYNOMIAL DIVISION

You need to be able to divide one polynomial by another, giving a quotient and remainder, and to write the result of your calculation as an equation. The working can be set out using long division, as in the following example.

Problem. Divide
$$2x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x - 9$$
 by $x^2 - x - 3$.

Solution. The line numbers in the following are just for explanation and you do not need to write them in your working.

This shows that if $2x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x - 9$ is divided by $x^2 - x - 3$, the quotient is 2x + 5 and the remainder is 7x + 6. This can be written as the equation

$$2x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x - 9 = (x^2 - x - 3)(2x + 5) + (7x + 6)$$

and you can check your working by multiplying out the right hand side.

Explanation of the method.

• Write the given polynomials as in line (2).

• Look at the first term of each, that is, $2x^3$ and x^2